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C语言程序设计部分实验参考答案

实验2

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() { //2-1-2
    int c, f=150;
    c=f*5/9-32*5/9;
    printf("fahr=%d, celsius=%d\n", f, c);
    return 0;
}

#include <stdio.h>
int main() { //2-1-3
    int c=26, f;
    f=c*9/5+32;
    printf("celsius=%d, fahr=%d\n", c, f);
    return 0;
}

#include <stdio.h>
int main() { //2-1-4
    int math=87, eng=72, comp=93;
    printf("math=%d, eng=%d, comp=%d, average=%d\n", math, eng, comp, (math+eng+comp)/3);
    return 0;
}

#include <stdio.h>
int main() { //2-1-5
    int n=152, a, b, c;
    c=n%10;
    b=(n/10)%10;
    a=n/100;
    printf("整数%d 的个位数字是%d, 十位数字是%d, 百位数字是%d\n", n, c, b, a);
    return 0;
}

#include <stdio.h>
int main() { //2-1-6
    int x=3, y;
    y=x*x;
    printf("%d=%d*d\n", y, x, x);
    printf("%d*d=%d\n", x, x, y);
    return 0;
}

#include <stdio.h>
int main() { //2-2-1
```

```

double x, y;
printf("Enter x:");
scanf_s("%lf", &x);
if(x!=0) {
    y=1/x;
} else {
    y=0;
}
printf("f(%.2f)=%.1f\n", x, y);
return 0;
}
#include <stdio.h>
int main() { //2-2-2
    int celsius, fahr;
    fahr=100;
    celsius=5*(fahr-32)/9;
    printf("fahr=%d, celsius=%d\n", fahr, celsius);
    return 0;
}

```

```

#include <stdio.h>
int main() { //2-2-3
    double money, rate, x=1.0;
    int i, year;
    printf("Enter money, year and rate:");
    scanf("%lf %d %lf", &money, &year, &rate);
    for(i=1; i<=year; i++)
        x=x*(1+rate);
    printf("intrest=%.2f\n", money*x-money);
    return 0;
}

```

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
int main() { //2-2-4
    double x, y;
    printf("Enter x");
    scanf_s("%lf", &x);
    if(x<0.0)
        y=pow(x+1, 2)+2*x+1/x;
    else
        y=sqrt(x);
    printf("f(%.2f)=%.2f\n", x, y);
    return 0;
}
#include <stdio.h>

```

```

#include<math.h>
int main() { //2-2-5
    double x, y;
    printf("Enter x:");
    scanf_s("%lf", &x);
    if(x==10)
        y=1/x;
    else
        y=x;
    printf("f(%.2f)=%.1f\n", x, y);
    return 0;
}

```

```

#include <stdio.h>
int main() { //2-2-6
    int x, y;
    printf("Enter num1:");
    scanf_s("%d", &x);
    printf("Enter num2:");
    scanf_s("%d", &y);
    printf("%d+%d=%d\n", x, y, x+y);
    printf("%d-%d=%d\n", x, y, x-y);
    printf("%d*%d=%d\n", x, y, x*y);
    printf("%d/%d=%d\n", x, y, x/y);
    printf("%d%%d=%d\n", x, y, x%y);
    return 0;
}

```

```

#include <stdio.h>
int main() { //2-3-1
    int i, sum=0;
    for(i=1; i<=100; i++) {
        sum=sum+i;
    }
    printf("sum=%d\n", sum);
    return 0;
}

```

```

#include <stdio.h>
int main() { //2-3-2
    int i, m, s=0;
    printf("Enter m:");
    scanf_s("%d", &m);
    for(i=m; i<=100; i++)
        s=s+i;
    printf("sum=%d\n", s);
    return 0;
}

```

```

}
#include <stdio.h>
int main() { //2-3-3
    int i, m, n;
    double s=0.0;
    printf("Enter m:");
    scanf("%d", &m);
    printf("Enter n:");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    for(i=m; i<=n; i++)
        s=s+1.0/i;
    printf("sum=%f\n", s);
    return 0;
}

```

```

#include <stdio.h>
int main() { //2-3-4
    int i, n;
    double s=0.0;
    printf("Enter n:");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    for(i=1; i<=n; i++)
        s=s+1.0/(2*i-1);
    printf("sum=%f\n", s);
    return 0;
}

```

```

#include <stdio.h>
int main() { //2-3-5
    int i, n;
    double s=1.0, t=1.0, sign=1.0;
    printf("Enter n:");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    for(i=1; i<n; i++) {
        sign=-sign;
        t=(t+3);
        s=s+1/t*sign;
    }
    printf("sum=%.3f\n", s);
    return 0;
}

```

```

#include <stdio.h>
int main() { //2-3-6
    int low, uper;
    double fahr, celsius;
    printf("Enter low:");

```

```

scanf_s("%d", &low);
printf("Enter uper:");
scanf_s("%d", &uper);
printf("fahr celsius\n");
for(fahr=low; fahr<=uper; fahr+=2) {
    celsius=5.0/9.0*(fahr-32.0);
    printf("%3.0f %6.1f\n", fahr, celsius);
}
return 0;
}

```

```

#include <stdio.h>
int main() { //2-3-7
    int m, n, i;
    double p, sum=0.0;
    printf("Enter m:");
    scanf("%d", &m);
    printf("Enter n:");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    p=1.0;
    for(i=1; i<=m; i++)
        p=p*i;
    sum=sum+p;
    p=1.0;
    for(i=1; i<=n; i++)
        p=p*i;
    sum=sum+p;
    printf("sum=%.0f\n", sum);
    return 0;
}

```

```

#include <stdio.h>
int main() { //2-3-8
    int x, n, i;
    double p=1.0;
    printf("Enter x:");
    scanf("%d", &x);
    printf("Enter n:");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    for(i=1; i<=n; i++)
        p=p*x;
    printf("%d的%d次方是%.0f\n", x, n, p);
    return 0;
}

```

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>

```

```

int main() { //2-4-1
    int n, i;
    printf("Enter n:");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    for(i=0; i<=n; i++)
        printf("pow(3, %d)=%.0f\n", i, pow(3.0, i));
    return 0;
}

```

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
int main() { //2-4-4
    double sum=0.0, i;
    for(i=100; i<=1000; i++) {
        sum+=sqrt(i);
    }
    printf("sum=%.2f\n", sum);
    return 0;
} // return 0;
}

```

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
int main() { //2-2-5
    double x, y;
    printf("Enter x:");
    scanf_s("%lf", &x);
    if(x==10)
        y=1/x;
    else
        y=x;
    printf("f(%.2f)=%.1f\n", x, y);
    return 0;
}

```

```

#include <stdio.h>
int main() { //2-2-6
    int x, y;
    printf("Enter num1:");
    scanf_s("%d", &x);
    printf("Enter num2:");
    scanf_s("%d", &y);
    printf("%d+%d=%d\n", x, y, x+y);
    printf("%d-%d=%d\n", x, y, x-y);
    printf("%d*%d=%d\n", x, y, x*y);
    printf("%d/%d=%d\n", x, y, x/y);
    printf("%d%%d=%d\n", x, y, x%y);
}

```

```

        return 0;
    }
#include <stdio.h>
int main() { //2-3-1
    int i, sum=0;
    for(i=1; i<=100; i++) {
        sum=sum+i;
    }
    printf("sum=%d\n", sum);
    return 0;
}

```

```

#include <stdio.h>
int main() { //2-3-2
    int i, m, s=0;
    printf("Enter m:");
    scanf("%d", &m);
    for(i=m; i<=100; i++)
        s=s+i;
    printf("sum=%d\n", s);
    return 0;
}

```

```

#include <stdio.h>
int main() { //2-3-3
    int i, m, n;
    double s=0.0;
    printf("Enter m:");
    scanf("%d", &m);
    printf("Enter n:");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    for(i=m; i<=n; i++)
        s=s+1.0/i;
    printf("sum=%f\n", s);
    return 0;
}

```

```

#include <stdio.h>
int main() { //2-3-4
    int i, n;
    double s=0.0;
    printf("Enter n:");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    for(i=1; i<=n; i++)
        s=s+1.0/(2*i-1);
    printf("sum=%f\n", s);
    return 0;
}

```



```

}
#include <stdio.h>
int main() { //2-3-5
    int i, n;
    double s=1.0, t=1.0, sign=1.0;
    printf("Enter n:");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    for(i=1; i<n; i++) {
        sign=-sign;
        t=(t+3);
        s=s+1/t*sign;
    }
    printf("sum=%.3f\n", s);
    return 0;
}

#include <stdio.h>
int main() { //2-3-6
    int low, uper;
    double fahr, celsius;
    printf("Enter low:");
    scanf_s("%d", &low);
    printf("Enter uper:");
    scanf_s("%d", &uper);
    printf("fahr\tcelsius\n");
    for(fahr=low; fahr<=uper; fahr+=2) {
        celsius=5.0/9.0*(fahr-32.0);
        printf("%.3f\t%.1f\n", fahr, celsius);
    }
    return 0;
}

#include <stdio.h>
int main() { //2-3-7
    int m, n, i;
    double p, sum=0.0;
    printf("Enter m:");
    scanf("%d", &m);
    printf("Enter n:");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    p=1.0;
    for(i=1; i<=m; i++)
        p=p*i;
    sum=sum+p;
    p=1.0;
    for(i=1; i<=n; i++)

```

```

        p=p*i;
        sum=sum+p;
        printf("sum=%.0f\n",sum);
        return 0;
    }
#include <stdio.h>
int main() { //2-3-8
    int x, n, i;
    double p=1.0;
    printf("Enter x:");
    scanf("%d",&x);
    printf("Enter n:");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
        p=p*x;
    printf("%d的%d次方是%.0f\n",x, n,p);
    return 0;
}
#include <stdio.h>
#include<math.h>
int main() { //2-4-1
    int n, i;
    printf("Enter n:");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    for(i=0;i<=n;i++)
        printf("pow(3, %d)=%.0f\n", i, pow(3.0, i));
    return 0;
}
#include <stdio.h>
#include<math.h>
int main() { //2-4-4
    double sum=0.0, i;
    for(i=100;i<=1000;i++) {
        sum+=sqrt(i);
    }
    printf("sum=%.2f\n",sum);
    return 0;
}

```

实验 3

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include<math.h>
int main() { //3-1
    double a, b, c, d;

```

```

printf("Enter a, b, c: ");
scanf("%lf%lf%lf", &a, &b, &c);
d=b*b-4*a*c;
if(a==0)
    if(b==0)
        if(c==0)
            printf("系数均为, 方程无意义! \n");
        else
            printf("a、b为, c不为, 方程不成立! \n");
    else
        printf("x=%.2f\n", c/b);
else
    if(d>=0) {
        printf("x1=%.2f\n", (-b+sqrt(d))/(2*a));
        printf("x1=%.2f\n", (-b-sqrt(d))/(2*a));
    } else {
        printf("x1=%.2f+%.2fi\n", -b/(2*a), sqrt(-d)/(2*a));
        printf("x1=%.2f-%.2fi\n", -b/(2*a), sqrt(-d)/(2*a));
    }
return 0;
}

```

```

#include<stdio.h>

```

```

int main() { //3-2

```

```

    int x, y;
    printf("Enter x: ");
    scanf("%d", &x);
    if(x<0)
        y=-1;
    else if(x==0)
        y=0;
    else
        y=1;
    printf("sign(%d)=%d\n", x, y);
    return 0;
}

```

```

#include<stdio.h>

```

```

int main() { //3-3

```

```

    int letter=0, blank=0, digit=0, other=0, i;
    char ch;
    printf("Input 10 characters: ");
    for(i=0; i<10; i++) {
        ch=getchar();
        if(ch>='a' && ch<='z' || ch>='A' && ch<='Z')
            letter++;
    }
}

```

```

        else if(ch==' ' || ch=='\n')
            blank++;
        else if(ch<='9' && ch>='0')
            digit++;
        else
            other++;
    }
    printf("letter=%d, blank=%d, digit=%d, other=%d\n", letter, blank, digit, other);
    return 0;
}

```

```

#include<stdio.h>
int main() { //3-4
    char grade;
    printf("Input Grade: ");
    grade=getchar();
    switch(grade) {
        case 'A' ::
            case 'a':printf("%c对应的百分制成绩区间是~100\n", grade);break;
        case 'B' ::
            case 'b':printf("%c对应的百分制成绩区间是~90\n", grade);break;
        case 'C' ::
            case 'c':printf("%c对应的百分制成绩区间是~79\n", grade);break;
        case 'D' ::
            case 'd':printf("%c对应的百分制成绩区间是~69\n", grade);break;
        case 'E' ::
            case 'e':printf("%c对应的百分制成绩区间是~59\n", grade);break;
        default:printf("数据输入错误\n");
    }
    return 0;
}

```

```

#include<stdio.h>
int main() { //3-5
    int choice, count;
    for(count=0; count<5; count++) {
        printf("[1]apple\n");
        printf("[2]pear\n");
        printf("[3]orange\n");
        printf("[4]grape\n");
        printf("[0]exit\n");
        printf("Enter your choice:");
        scanf("%d", &choice);
        switch(choice) {
            case 0: return 0;
            case 1:printf("price is %.2f\n", 3.0);break;

```

```

        case 2:printf("price is %.2f\n",2.5);break;
        case 3:printf("price is %.2f\n",4.1);break;
        case 4:printf("price is %.2f\n",10.2);break;
        default:printf("price is %.2f\n",0.0);
    }
}
return 0;
}
#include<stdio.h>
int main() { //3-6
    int i;
    double grade;
    for(i=0;i<5;i++){
        printf("Enter grade: ");
        scanf("%lf",&grade);
        if(grade<60.0)
            printf("Fail\n");
        else
            printf("Pass\n");
    }
    return 0;
}
#include<stdio.h>
#include<math.h>
int main() { //3-7
    double a,b,c,s;
    printf("Enter 3 sides of the triangle: ");
    scanf("%lf %lf %lf",&a,&b,&c);
    if(a+b>c&& a+c>b&& b+c>a) {
        s=(a+b+c)/2;
        printf("area=%.2f; perimeter=%.2f\n",sqrt(s*(s-a)*(s-b)*(s-c)),a+b+c);
    }else
        printf("These sides do not correspond to a valid triangle\n");
    return 0;
}
#include<stdio.h>
int main() { //3-8
    double salary,rate;
    printf("Enter the salary: ");
    scanf("%lf",&salary);
    if(salary<=850)
        rate=0.0;
    else if(salary<=1350.0)
        rate=0.05;
}

```

```

else if(salary<=2850.0)
    rate=0.1;
else if(salary<=5850.0)
    rate=0.15;
else
    rate=0.2;
printf("tax=%.2f\n",rate*(salary-850));
return 0;
}

#include<stdio.h>
int main() { //3-9
    int i, n, grade, a=0, b=0, c=0, d=0, e=0;
    printf("Enter n: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    for(i=0; i<n; i++) {
        printf("Enter grade %d: ", i+1);
        scanf("%d", &grade);
        switch(grade/10) {
            case 9:
            case 10: a++; break;
            case 8: b++; break;
            case 7: c++; break;
            case 6: d++; break;
            case 5:
            case 4:
            case 3:
            case 2:
            case 1:
            case 0: e++; break;
        }
    }
    printf("The number of A(90~100):%d\n", a);
    printf("The number of B(80~89):%d\n", b);
    printf("The number of C(70~79):%d\n", c);
    printf("The number of D(60~69):%d\n", d);
    printf("The number of E(0~59):%d\n", e);
    return 0;
}

#include<stdio.h>
int main() { //3-10
    char sign;
    int x, y;
    printf("输入x运算符y: ");
    scanf("%d%c%d", &x, &sign, &y);

```

```

if(sign=='*')
    printf("%d * %d = %d\n", x, y, x*y);
else if(sign=='/')
    printf("%d / %d = %d\n", x, y, x/y);
else if(sign=='%')
    printf("%d Mod %d = %d\n", x, y, x%y);
else
    printf("运算符输入错误! \n");
return 0;
}

```

实验 4

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include<cmath>
int main() { //4-1-2
    int flag, denominator;
    double s, eps, item;
    printf("Input eps:");
    scanf("%lf", &eps);
    s=0.0;
    flag=1;
    denominator=1;
    item=1.0;
    while(fabs(item)>eps) {
        item=flag*1.0/denominator;
        s=s+item;
        flag=-flag;
        denominator=denominator+3;
    }
    printf("s=%.6f\n", s);
    return 0;
}

#include<stdio.h>
int main() { //4-1-3
    int x, sum;
    sum=0;
    printf("Input integers:");
    scanf("%d", &x);
    while(x>0) {
        if(x%2!=0)
            sum=sum+x;
        scanf("%d", &x);
    }
    printf("The sum of the odd numbers is %d\n", sum);
}

```

```

        return 0;
    }
#include<stdio.h>
int main() { //4-1-4
    int num, count;
    printf("Input an integer:");
    scanf("%d", &num);
    count=0;
    do{
        num=num/10;
        count++;
    } while (num!=0);
    printf("count=%d\n", count);
    return 0;
}

#include<stdio.h>
int main() { //4-1-5
    int n, x, min, i;
    printf("Input n:");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    printf("Input numbers:");
    scanf("%d", &x);
    min=x;
    for (i=1; i<n; i++) {
        scanf("%d", &x);
        if (x<min)
            min=x;
    }
    printf("min=%d\n", min);
    return 0;
}

int main() { //4-1-6
    int n, s=0, c=0;
    printf("Input an integer:");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    do{
        s+=n%10;
        n/=10;
        c++;
    } while (n);
    printf("count=%d, sum=%d\n", c, s);
    return 0;
}

#include<stdio.h>

```



```

int main() { //4-1-7
    double a, b, c, s=0.0;
    int i, n;
    printf("Input n:");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    for(a=1.0, b=1.0, i=0; i<n; i++, c=a+b, a=b, b=c)
        s+=(1.0+a/b);
    printf("s=%.2f\n", s);
    return 0;
}

```

```

#include<stdio.h>
int main() { //4-1-8
    int a, n, i, s=0, t=0;
    printf("Input a, n:");
    scanf("%d%d", &a, &n);
    for(i=0; i<n; i++) {
        t=10*t+a;
        s+=t;
    }
    printf("s=%d\n", s);
    return 0;
}

```

```

#include<stdio.h>
int main() { //4-1-9
    int n, i;
    double h, sum=0.0;
    printf("Input height: ");
    scanf("%lf", &h);
    printf("Input n: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    sum+=h;
    for(i=1; i<=n; i++) {
        sum+=h;
        h/=2.0;
    }
    printf("distance=%.1f\n", sum);
    printf("height=%.1f\n", h);
    return 0;
}

```

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include<math.h>
int main() { //4-2-2
    int m, n, i, j, st, c=0;
    printf("Input m: ");

```

```

scanf("%d",&m);
if(m==1)
    m++;
printf("Input n: ");
scanf("%d",&n);
for(i=m;i<=n;i++){
    st=sqrt((double)i);
    for(j=2;j<=st;j++)
        if(!(i%j))
            break;
    if(j>st){
        printf("%d ",i);
        c++;
        if(!(c%6))
            printf("\n");
    }
}
return 0;
}
#include<stdio.h>
int main() { //4-2-3
    int money, f1, f2, f5, count=0;
    printf("Input money: ");
    scanf("%d",&money);
    for(f1=1;f1<=money-7;f1++)
        for(f2=1;f2<=money-6;f2++)
            for(f5=1;f5<=money-3;f5++)
                if(f1+2*f2+5*f5==money)
                    count++;
    printf("count=%d\n",count);
    for(f1=1;f1<=money-7;f1++)
        for(f2=1;f2<=money-6;f2++)
            for(f5=1;f5<=money-3;f5++)
                if(f1+2*f2+5*f5==money)
                    printf("fen5: %d fen2: %d fen1: %d\n",f5,f2,f1);

    return 0;
}
#include<stdio.h>
int main() { //4-2-4
    int m,n,k,a,b,c,tmp;
    printf("Input m: ");
    scanf("%d",&m);
    printf("Input n: ");

```

```

scanf("%d", &n);
for(k=m; k<=n; k++) {
    tmp=k;
    a=tmp%10;
    tmp/=10;
    b=tmp%10;
    tmp/=10;
    c=tmp;
    if(a*a+a+b*b+b+c*c*c==k)
        printf("%d\t (%d*d*d*d+d*d*d*d+d*d*d*d+d*d*d*d) \n", k, c, c, c, b, b, a, a, k);
}
return 0;
}
#include<stdio.h>
int main() { //4-2-5
    int i, j, s;
    for(i=1; i<=200; i++) {
        s=1;
        for(j=2; j<=i/2; j++)
            if(i%j==0)
                s=s*j;
        if(s==i) {
            printf("%d=1", i);
            for(j=2; j<=i/2; j++)
                if(i%j==0)
                    printf(" *%d", j);
            printf("\n");
        }
    }
    return 0;
}
#include<stdio.h> //5-2
int sign(int x) {
    if(x>0)
        return 1;
    if(x==0)
        return 0;
    return -1;
}
int main() {
    int x;
    printf("Enter x:");
    scanf("%d", &x);
    printf("sign(%d)=%d\n", x, sign(x));
}

```

```

        return 0;
    }
#include<stdio.h>//5-3
int even(int x) {
    return (x%2==0);
}
int main() {
    int x,s=0;
    printf("Input integers: ");
    scanf("%d",&x);
    while(x>0) {
        if(!even(x))
            s+=x;
        scanf("%d",&x);
    }
    printf("The sum of the odd is %d\n",s);
    return 0;
}
#include<stdio.h>//5-4
#include<math.h>
double distance(double x1,double y1, double x2, double y2) {
    return sqrt((x1-x2)*(x1-x2)+(y1-y2)*(y1-y2));
}
int main() {
    double x1, y1, x2, y2;
    printf("Input (x1, y1):");
    scanf("%lf%lf",&x1,&y1);
    printf("Input (x2, y2):");
    scanf("%lf%lf",&x2,&y2);
    printf("distance=%.2f\n",distance(x1,y1,x2, y2));
    return 0;
}
#include<stdio.h>//5-5
#include<math.h>
int prime(int m) {
    int k, sqrtm=sqrt((double)m);
    for(k=2;k<=sqrtm;k++)
        if(m%k==0)
            return 0;
    return 1;
}
int main() {
    int m, n, c=0, s=0, k;
    printf("Input m:");

```

```

scanf("%d",&m);
printf("Input n:");
scanf("%d",&n);
for(k=(m==1?2:m);k<=n;k++)
    if(prime(k)){
        c++;
        s+=k;
    }
printf("count=%d, sum=%d\n",c,s);
return 0;
}
#include<stdio.h>//5-6
int countdigit(int number, int digit){
    int c=0;
    if(number<0)
        number=-number;
    do{
        if(number%10==digit)
            c++;
        number/=10;
    }while(number);
    return c;
}
int main() {
    int n;
    printf("Enter an integer:");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    printf("Number of digit 2: %d\n",countdigit(n,2));
    return 0;
}

```

```

#include<stdio.h>//5-7
int is(int n){
    int s=0,x,m=n;
    do{
        x=m%10;
        s+=x*x*x;
        m/=10;
    }while(m);
    if(s==n)
        return 1;
    return 0;
}
int main() {
    int m,n,i;

```

```

printf("Input m:");
scanf("%d", &m);
printf("Input n:");
scanf("%d", &n);
for(i=m; i<=n; i++)
    if(is(i))
        printf("%d\n", i);
return 0;
}
#include<stdio.h> //5-8
double fact(int n);
int main(void) {
    int i;
    double sum=0.0; /*需要初始化为*/
    for(i=1; i<=10; i++) /*上界是*/
        sum=sum+fact(i);
    printf("1!+2!+...+10!=%f\n", sum);
    return 0;
}
double fact(int n) {
    int i;
    double result=1.0;
    for(i=1; i<=n; i++)
        result=result*i; /*result中累积n!*/
    return result;
}

```

实验 7

```

#include<stdio.h>
int main() { //7-2-4
    int a[6][6], n, i, j, flag=1;
    printf("Input n:");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    printf("Input array:\n");
    for(i=0; i<n; i++)
        for(j=0; j<n; j++)
            scanf("%d", &a[i][j]);
    for(j=0; j<n-1; j++) {
        for(i=j+1; i<n; i++)
            if(a[i][j]) {
                flag=0;
                break;
            }
    }
}

```

```

        }
        if(flag==0)
            break;
    }
    if(flag==0)
        printf("No\n");
    else
        printf("Yes\n");
    return 0;
}
#include<stdio.h>
int main() { //7-2-6
    int a[6][6], n, i, j, row, col;
    printf("Input n:");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    printf("Input array:\n");
    for(i=0; i<n; i++) /*输入矩阵*/
        for(j=0; j<n; j++)
            scanf("%d", &a[i][j]);
    for(i=0; i<n; i++) { /*对矩阵的每一行*/
        row=i; col=0;
        for(j=0; j<n; j++) /*找当前行的最大值元素a[row][col]*/
            if(a[i][j]>a[row][col]) {
                col=j;
            }
        for(j=0; j<n; j++) /*检测a[row][col]是否为第col列的最小元素*/
            if(a[j][col]<a[row][col])
                break;
        if(j>=n) { //找到鞍点元素a[row][col]
            printf("a[%d][%d]=%d\n", row, col, a[row][col]);
            break;
        }
    }
    if(i>=n) /*所有行都检测过没有找到鞍点*/
        printf("NO\n");
    return 0;
}

```

```

#include<stdio.h>
int main() { //7-3-2
    char c, s[80];
    int i, index=-1;
    printf("Input a character:");
    c=getchar();
    getchar();
}

```

```

printf("Input a string:");
gets(s);
i=0;
while(s[i]!='\0') {
    if(s[i]==c)
        index=i;
    i++;
}
if(index>-1)
    printf("index=%d\n", index);
else
    printf("Not found\n");
return 0;
}

```

```

#include<stdio.h>

```

```

int main() { //7-3-3

```

```

    char s[80];

```

```

    int i, upcase=0, count=0;

```

```

    printf("Input a string:");

```

```

    gets(s);

```

```

    i=0;

```

```

    while(s[i]!='\0') {

```

```

        if(s[i]>='A' && s[i]<='Z') {

```

```

            upcase++;

```

```

            switch(s[i]) {

```

```

                case 'A':

```

```

                case 'E':

```

```

                case 'I':

```

```

                case 'O':

```

```

                case 'U': count++;

```

```

            }

```

```

        }

```

```

        i++;

```

```

    }

```

```

    if(upcase)

```

```

        count=upcase-count;

```

```

    printf("count=%d\n", count);

```

```

    return 0;

```

```

}

```

```

#include<stdio.h>

```

```

int main() { //7-3-4

```

```

    char s[80];

```

```

    int i;

```

```

    printf("Input a string:");

```



```

    gets(s);
    i=0;
    while(s[i]!='\0') {
        if(s[i]>'A' && s[i]<='Z')
            s[i]='Z'-(s[i]-'A');
        i++;
    }
    printf("After replaced: %s\n", s);
    return 0;
}

#include<stdio.h>
int main() { //7-3-5
    char s[80];
    int i, n=0;
    printf("Input a string:");
    gets(s);
    i=0;
    while(s[i]!='\0') {
        if(s[i]>'0' && s[i]<='9') {
            n=n*16+s[i]-'0';
            i++;
            continue;
        }
        switch(s[i]) {
            case 'a':
            case 'A': n=n*16+10; break;
            case 'b':
            case 'B': n=n*16+11; break;
            case 'c':
            case 'C': n=n*16+12; break;
            case 'd':
            case 'D': n=n*16+13; break;
            case 'e':
            case 'E': n=n*16+14; break;
            case 'f':
            case 'F': n=n*16+15; break;
        }
        i++;
    }
    printf("Hex=%d\n", n);
    return 0;
}

```

实验 8

```

#include<stdio.h> //8-1-1
void move(int *, int, int);
int main() {
    int m, n, i, a[80], *p;
    printf("Input n, m:");
    scanf("%d%d", &n, &m);
    for(p=a, i=0; i<n; i++)
        scanf("%d", p+i); /*将&p++换成p+i*/
    move(a, n, m);
    printf("After moved:");
    for(i=0; i<n; i++)
        printf("%5d", a[i]);
    return 0;
}

void move(int *x, int n, int m) {
    int i, j, k;
    for(i=0; i<m; i++) {
        k=x[n-1]; /*暂存x[n-1], 因为它将被覆盖*/
        for(j=n-1; j>0; j--)
            x[j]=x[j-1]; /*设置断点*/
        x[0]=k;
    }
}

#include<stdio.h> //8-1-2
#include<stdlib.h>
int search(int *, int, int);
int main() {
    int *a, n, i, x, index;
    printf("Input n:");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    if((a=(int*)malloc(n*sizeof(int)))!=NULL)
        exit(1);
    printf("Input %d integers:", n);
    for(i=0; i<n; i++)
        scanf("%d", a+i);
    printf("Input x:");
    scanf("%d", &x);
    index=search(a, n, x);
    if(index==-1)
        printf("Not found\n");
    else
        printf("index=%d\n", index+1);
    free(a);
    return 0;
}

```

```

}
int search(int *a, int n, int x) {
    int i;
    for(i=0; i<n; i++)
        if(a[i]==x)
            return i;
    return -1;
}

#include<stdio.h> //8-1-3
#include<stdlib.h>
void sort(int*, int);
int main() {
    int i, n, *a;
    printf("Input n:");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    if((a=(int*)malloc(n*sizeof(int)))!=NULL)
        exit(1);
    printf("Input %d integers:", n);
    for(i=0; i<n; i++)
        scanf("%d", a+i);
    sort(a, n);
    printf("After sorted the array is:");
    for(i=0; i<n; i++)
        printf("%d ", a[i]);
    printf("\n");
    return 0;
}

int max(int *a, int n) {
    int i, index=0;
    for(i=1; i<n; i++)
        if(a[i]>a[index])
            index=i;
    return index;
}

void swap(int *x, int *y) {
    int t=*x;
    *x=*y;
    *y=t;
}

void sort(int *a, int n) {
    int i, j;
    for(i=n; i>0; i--) {
        j=max(a, i);
        swap(a+i-1, a[j]);
    }
}

```

```

    }
}
#include<stdio.h>//8-1-4
#include<stdlib.h>
int main() {
    int n, i, total, token, *a;
    printf("Input n:");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    if ((a=(int*)malloc(n*sizeof(int)))==NULL)
        exit(1);
    for(i=0; i<n; i++)
        a[i]=i+1;
    total=n;
    i=0;
    while(total>1) {
        token=0; /*报数的当前值*/
        while(token<3) { /*未出队的依次报数*/
            if(a[i]!=0)
                token++;
            if(token<3) /*未满足继续报数*/
                i=(i+1)%n;
        }
        a[i]=0; /*报到的出队*/
        i=(i+1)%n;
        total--; /*队中人数减*/
    }
    for(i=0; i<n; i++)
        if(a[i]!=0)
            break;
    printf("Last No. is: %d\n", a[i]);
    free(a);
    return 0;
}

```

```

#include<stdio.h>//8-2-2
#include<string.h>
int main() {
    char s[80], m[80];
    int length, max=0, i;
    printf("Input 5 strings: ");
    for(i=0; i<5; i++) {
        scanf("%s", s);
        length=strlen(s);
        if(length>max) {
            max=length;

```

```

        strcpy(m, s);
    }
}
printf("The longest is: %s\n", m);
return 0;
}
#include<stdio.h>//8-2-3
#include<string.h>
void delchar(char *s, char c) {
    int i=0;
    while(*s!='\0') {
        if(*s==c)/*遇到字符c*/
            strcpy(s, s+1);/*将该字符后的部分拷贝成从当前位置开始的串*/
        s++;
    }
}
int main() {
    char s[80], c;
    printf("Input a string: ");
    gets(s);
    printf("Input a char: ");
    scanf("%c", &c);
    delchar(s, c);
    printf("After deleted, the string is: %s\n", s);
    return 0;
}
#include<stdio.h>//8-2-4
#include<string.h>
void strncpy(char *s, char *t, int m) {
    strcpy(s, t+m-1);
}
int main() {
    char s[80], t[80];
    int m;
    printf("Input a string: ");
    gets(t);
    printf("Input a integer: ");
    scanf("%d", &m);
    strncpy(s, t, m);
    printf("Output is: %s\n", s);
    return 0;
}
#include<stdio.h>//8-2-5
#include<string.h>

```

```

int is_sym(char *s) {
    int i=0, j=strlen(s)-1;
    while(i<j) {
        if(s[i]!=s[j])
            return 0;
        i++;
        j--;
    }
    return 1;
}

int main() {
    char s[80];
    printf("Input a string: ");
    gets(s);
    if(is_sym(s))
        printf("YES\n");
    else
        printf("NO\n");
    return 0;
}

#include<stdio.h> //8-2-6

int main() {
    char s[80];
    int up=0, low=0, space=0, digit=0, other=0, i;
    printf("Input a string: ");
    gets(s);
    for(i=0; s[i]!='\0'; i++) {
        if(s[i]>='A' && s[i]<='Z') {
            up++;
            continue;
        }
        if(s[i]>='a' && s[i]<='z') {
            low++;
            continue;
        }
        if(s[i]>='0' && s[i]<='9') {
            digit++;
            continue;
        }
        if(s[i]==' ' || s[i]=='\t') {
            space++;
            continue;
        }
        other++;
    }
}

```

```

    }
    printf("大写字母个数为: %d\n小写字母个数为: %d\n空格个数为: %d\n数字个数为: %d\n其他字符
个数为: %d\n", up, low, space, digit, other);
    return 0;
}

```

实验9

```

#include<stdio.h> //9-2
int main() {
    struct {
        int hour, minit, second;
    } time;
    int n;
    printf("输入时间:");
    scanf("%d:%d:%d", &time.hour, &time.minit, &time.second);
    printf("输入秒:");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    time.second=time.second+n;
    time.minit+=time.second/60;
    time.second=time.second%60;
    time.hour+=time.minit/60;
    time.minit%=60;
    time.hour%=24;
    printf("新时间:%d:%d:%d\n", time.hour, time.minit, time.second);
    return 0;
}

```

```

#include<stdio.h> //9-3
int main() {
    struct student {
        int num;
        char name[20];
        double score;
    } stu;
    int n, i;
    double sum=0.0;
    printf("输入n:");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    for(i=0; i<n; i++) {
        printf("输入%d个学生的学号、姓名和成绩:", i+1);
        scanf("%d%s%lf", &stu.num, stu.name, &stu.score);
        sum+=stu.score;
    }
    printf("平均成绩: %.2f\n", sum/n);
}

```

```

        return 0;
    }
#include<stdio.h> //9-4
int main() {
    struct complex{
        int a,b;
    } x,y,z;
    printf("输入a1, a2, b1, b2:");
    scanf("%d%d%d%d",&x.a,&x.b,&y.a,&y.b);
    z.a=x.a*y.a-x.b*y.b;
    z.b=x.a*y.b+x.b*y.a;
    printf("( %d+%di) × (%d+%di)=%d+%di\n",x.a,x.b,y.a,y.b,z.a,z.b);
    return 0;
}

```

```

#include<stdio.h> //9-5
int main() {
    struct book{
        char name[80];
        double price;
    } abook,min,max;
    int n,i;
    printf("输入n:");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    min.price=10000;
    max.price=-1;
    for(i=0;i<n;i++) {
        printf("输入第%d本书的名称和定价:",i+1);
        scanf("%s%lf",abook.name,&abook.price);
        if(min.price>abook.price)
            min=abook;
        if(max.price<abook.price)
            max=abook;
    }
    printf("价格最高的书: %s , 价格: %.1f\n",max.name,max.price);
    printf("价格最低的书: %s , 价格: %.1f\n",min.name,min.price);
    return 0;
}

```

```

#include<stdio.h> //9-6
int main() {
    struct address{
        char name[20];
        int birthday;
        char phon[80];
    } person[10],tmp;
}

```



```

int n, i, j, index;
printf("输入n:");
scanf("%d", &n);
for(i=0; i<n; i++) {
    printf("输入第%d个人的姓名、生日、电话号码:", i+1);
    scanf("%s%d%s", person[i].name, &person[i].birthday, person[i].phon);
}
for(i=0; i<n-1; i++) {
    index=0;
    for(j=1; j<n-i; j++)
        if(person[j].birthday>person[index].birthday)
            index=j;
    tmp=person[n-i-1];
    person[n-i-1]=person[index];
    person[index]=tmp;
}
for(i=0; i<n; i++)
    printf("%s %d %s\n", person[i].name, person[i].birthday, person[i].phon);
return 0;
}

#include<stdio.h> //9-7
struct date{
    int year, month, day;
};

int day_of_year(struct date date) {
    int k, leap, d=date.day;
    int
    tab[2][12]={ {31, 28, 31, 30, 31, 30, 31, 31, 30, 31, 30, 31}, {31, 29, 31, 30, 31, 30, 31, 31, 30, 31, 30, 31}};
    leap=(date.year%4==0&&date.year%100!=0||date.year%400==0);
    for(k=0; k<date.month-1; k++)
        d+=tab[leap][k];
    return d;
}

int main() {
    struct date date;
    printf("输入日期:");
    scanf("%d%d%d", &date.year, &date.month, &date.day);
    printf("该日期是%d年第%d天\n", date.year, day_of_year(date));
    return 0;
}

#include<stdio.h> //9-8
struct time{
    int hour, minit, second;
};

```

```

void chang_time(struct time* t, int n) {
    t->second=t->second+n;
    t->minut+=t->second/60;
    t->second=t->second%60;
    t->hour+=t->minut/60;
    t->minut%=60;
    t->hour%=24;
}

int main() {
    struct time t;
    int n;
    printf("输入时间:");
    scanf("%d:%d:%d", &t.hour, &t.minut, &t.second);
    printf("输入秒:");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    chang_time(&t, n);
    printf("新时间:%d:%d:%d\n", t.hour, t.minut, t.second);
    return 0;
}

```

实验 10

```

#include <stdio.h> //10-2
#include <math.h>
int is_sqr(int m) {
    int s=sqrt((double)m);
    return s*s==m;
}

int same_dig(int m) {
    int d[3], i, j;
    d[0]=m%10;
    d[1]=(m/10)%10;
    d[2]=m/100;
    for(i=0; i<3; i++)
        for(j=i+1; j<3; j++)
            if(d[i]==d[j])
                return 1;
    return 0;
}

int fun(int number) {
    int i, c=0;
    for(i=101; i<=number; i++)
        if(is_sqr(i)&&same_dig(i))
            c++;
    return c;
}

```

```

}
int main() {
    int number, i, count;
    printf("Enter a number: ");
    scanf("%d", &number);
    count=fun(number);
    printf("count=%d\n", count);
    return 0;
}

#include <stdio.h> //10-3
#include <math.h>
int prime(int m) {
    int k, sqrtm=sqrt((double)m);
    for(k=2; k<=sqrtm; k++)
        if(m%k==0)
            return 0;
    return 1;
}

int main() {
    int i, n, x, count=0;
    printf("Enter n:");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    printf("Enter %d numbers:", n);
    for(i=0; i<n; i++) {
        scanf("%d", &x);
        if(prime(x))
            count++;
    }
    printf("count=%d\n", count);
    return 0;
}

#include <stdio.h> //10-4
double P(int n, double x) {
    if(n==0)
        return 1.0;
    if(n==1)
        return x;
    return ((2*n-1)*P(n-1, x) - (n-1)*P(n-2, x))/n;
}

int main() {
    int n;
    double x;
    printf("Enter n:");
    scanf("%d", &n);

```

```

    printf("Enter x:");
    scanf("%lf",&x);
    printf("P(%d, %.2f)=%.2f\n", n, x, P(n, x));
    return 0;
}

#include <stdio.h> //10-5
int Ack(int m, int n) {
    if(m==0)
        return n+1;
    if(n==0)
        return Ack(m-1, 1);
    return Ack(m-1, Ack(m, n-1));
}

int main() {
    int m, n;
    printf("Enter m:");
    scanf("%d",&m);
    printf("Enter n:");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    printf("Ackerman(%d, %d)=%d\n", m, n, Ack(m, n));
    return 0;
}

#include <stdio.h> //10-6
void dectobin(int n) {
    if(n<=1) {
        printf("%d", n);
        return;
    }
    dectobin(n/2);
    printf("%d", n%2);
}

int main() {
    int n;
    printf("Enter n:");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    dectobin(n);
    printf("\n");
    return 0;
}

#include <stdio.h> //10-7
int f(int n) {
    if(n==0)
        return 0;
    if(n==1)

```

```

        return 1;
    return f(n-1)+f(n-2);
}

int main() {
    int n;
    printf("Enter n:");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    printf("f(%d)=%d\n",n,f(n));
    return 0;
}

```

```

#include <stdio.h>//10-8

```

```

void inverse(int n) {
    if(n<10) {
        printf("%d",n);
        return;
    }
    printf("%d",n%10);
    inverse(n/10);
}

```

```

int main() {
    int number;
    printf("Enter a number:");
    scanf("%d",&number);
    inverse(number);
    return 0;
}

```

```

#include <stdio.h>//10-9

```

```

int main() {
    double fun(int n, double x);/*定义在调用之后，需声明*/
    int n;
    double x, root;
    printf("Enter x:");
    scanf("%lf",&x);
    printf("Enter n:");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    root=fun(n, x);
    printf("Root=%.2f\n", root);
    return 0;
}

```

```

double fun(int n, double x) {
    if(n==1)/*指数为，应返回x*/
        return x;
    else
        return x*fun(n-1, x);
}

```

```
}
```

实验 11

```
#include<stdio.h>//11-1-2
int main() {
    char*
months[12]={ "January", "February", "March", "April", "May", "June", "July", "August", "September", "October", "November", "December"};
    int month;
    printf("Enter a month: ");
    scanf("%d", &month);
    printf("%s\n", months[month-1]);
    return 0;
}

#include<stdio.h>//11-1-3
#include<string.h>
int main() {
    char
*weekdays[7]={ "Sunday", "Monday", "Tuesday", "Wednesday", "Thursday", "Friday", "Saturday"}, s[80];
    int i;
    gets(s);
    for(i=0; i<7; i++)
        if(strcmp(weekdays[i], s)==0)
            break;
    if(i<7)
        printf("%d\n", i+1);
    else
        printf("-1\n");
    return 0;
}

#include<stdio.h>//11-1-4
#include<string.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
int max_len(char *s[], int n) {
    int maxLen=0, i;
    for(i=0; i<n; i++) {
        if(strlen(s[i])>maxLen)
            maxLen=strlen(s[i]);
    }
    return maxLen;
}
int main() {
```

```

char* s[10];
int n, i;
printf("Enter n: ");
scanf("%d", &n);
for(i=0; i<n; i++) {
    s[i]=(char*)malloc(80*sizeof(char));
    scanf("%s", s[i]);
}
printf("length=%d\n", max_len(s, n));
return 0;
}

```

```

#include<stdio.h> //11-1-5

```

```

char * str_cat(char *s, char *t) {
    char *p=s, *q=t;
    while(*p)
        p++;
    while(*q) {
        *p=*q;
        p++;q++;
    }
    *p='\0';
    return s;
}

```

```

int main() {
    char s[80], t[80];
    gets(s);
    gets(t);
    puts(str_cat(s, t));
    return 0;
}

```

```

#include<stdio.h> //11-1-6

```

```

#include<stdlib.h>

```

```

#include<string.h>

```

```

char *sub_str(char *s, char a, char b) {
    int n=strlen(s), i, j;
    char *t=(char*)malloc(n*sizeof(char)); /*为t分配空间*/
    for(i=0; s[i]!=a; i++); /*找到a在s中的位置*/
    for(j=0; s[j]!=b; j++); /*找到b在s中的位置*/
    strcpy(t, &s[i]); /*将s中从s[i]开始的部分拷贝到t*/
    t[j-i+1]='\0'; /*将t中从值为b的元素后面的部分从串中去掉*/
    return t;
}

```

```

int main() {
    char s[80], a, b;
}

```

```

scanf("%s", s);
getchar();
scanf("%c", &a);
getchar();
scanf("%c", &b);
printf("%s\n", sub_str(s, a, b));
return 0;
}

```

```

#include<stdio.h> //11-1-7

```

```

char *change(char s[][20]) {
    char t[10];
    int i;
    for(i=0; i<4; i++) {
        t[2*i]=s[i][8];
        t[2*i+1]=s[i][9];
    }
    t[2*i]='\0';
    return t;
}

```

```

int main() {
    char s[4][20], *p;
    int i;
    for(i=0; i<4; i++)
        scanf("%s", s[i]);
    p=change(s);
    printf("%s\n", p);
}

```

```

return 0;
}

```

```

#include<stdio.h> //11-1-8

```

```

float matrix(float a[][3], int n) {
    int i, j;
    float sum=0.0;
    for(i=0; i<3; i++)
        for(j=0; j<3; j++) {
            if(i==j)
                sum=sum+*(a+i+j);
            if(j==2-i&& i!=j)
                sum=sum+*(a+i+j);
        }
    return sum;
}

```

```

int main() {
    int i, j;
}

```



```

float a[3][3];
printf("输入×数组\n");
for(i=0;i<3;i++)
    for(j=0;j<3;j++)
        scanf("%f",&a[i][j]);
printf("sum=%.2f",matrix(a,3));
return 0;
}

#include<stdlib.h>//11-2-1
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
struct stud_node{
    int num;
    char name[20];
    int score;
    struct stud_node* next;
};

int main() {
    struct stud_node *head, *tail, *p;
    int num, score;
    char name[20];
    int size=sizeof(struct stud_node);
    head=tail=NULL;
    printf("Input num,name,score:\n");
    scanf("%d",&num);
    while(num!=0) {
        p=(struct stud_node*)malloc(size);
        scanf("%s%d", name, &score);
        p->num=num;
        strcpy(p->name, name);
        p->score=score;
        p->next=NULL;
        if(head==NULL)
            head=p;
        else
            tail->next=p;
        tail=p;
        scanf("%d",&num);
    }
    for(p=head;p!=NULL;p=p->next)
        printf("%d %s %d\n", p->num, p->name, p->score);
    return 0;
}

#include<stdlib.h>//11-2-2

```

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
struct stud_node{
    int num;
    char name[20];
    int score;
    struct stud_node* next;
};

int main() {
    struct stud_node *head, *tail, *p;
    int num, score, v;
    char name[20];
    int size=sizeof(struct stud_node);
    head=tail=NULL;
    scanf("%d", &num);
    while(num!=0) {
        p=(struct stud_node*)malloc(size);
        scanf("%s%d", name, &score);
        p->num=num;
        strcpy(p->name, name);
        p->score=score;
        p->next=NULL;
        if(head==NULL)
            head=p;
        else
            tail->next=p;
        tail=p;
        scanf("%d", &num);
    }
    scanf("%d", &v);
    for(p=head; p!=NULL; p=p->next) {
        if(p->score>=v)
            printf("%d %s %d\n", p->num, p->name, p->score);
    }
    return 0;
}

#include<stdlib.h> //11-2-3
#include<stdio.h>
struct node{
    int data;
    struct node* next;
};

int main() {
    int size=sizeof(struct node), n;

```

```

struct node *head=NULL, *p;
scanf("%d", &n);
while(n>=0) {
    p=(struct node*)malloc(size);
    p->data=n;
    p->next=head;
    head=p;
    scanf("%d", &n);
}
for(p=head; p!=NULL; p=p->next)
    printf("%d ", p->data);
printf("\n");
return 0;
}

#include<stdlib.h> //11-2-4
#include<stdio.h>
struct node{
    int data;
    struct node* next;
};

int main() {
    int size=sizeof(struct node), n;
    struct node *head=NULL, *tail=NULL, *p, *q;
    scanf("%d", &n);
    while(n>=0) {
        p=(struct node*)malloc(size);
        p->data=n;
        p->next=NULL;
        if(head==NULL)
            head=p;
        else
            tail->next=p;
        tail=p;
        scanf("%d", &n);
    }
    p=head; q=NULL;
    while(p!=NULL) { /*扫描链表*/
        if(p->data%2==0) { /*当前节点数据为偶数*/
            if(q==NULL) { /*若欲删除的节点为链表首*/
                head=p->next; /*将p从链表中摘取*/
                free(p); /*释放节点p*/
                p=head; /*p指向下一个节点*/
            } else {
                q->next=p->next; /*将p从链表中摘取*/
            }
        }
        q=p; p=p->next;
    }
}

```

```

        free(p); /*释放节点p*/
        p=q->next; /*p指向下一个节点*/
    }
} else {
    q=p; /*q指向当前节点的前一个节点*/
    p=q->next; /*调整当前节点指针*/
}
}
for(p=head; p!=NULL; p=p->next)
    printf("%d ", p->data);
printf("\n");
return 0;
}
#include<stdlib.h> //11-2-5
#include<stdio.h>
struct node {
    int data;
    struct node* next;
};

struct node* merge(struct node *l1, struct node *l2) /*将两个有序链表合并成一个有序链表*/
{
    struct node *head=NULL, *tail=NULL, *p=l1, *q=l2; /*p, q分别指向两个链表的表首*/
    while(l1!=NULL && l2!=NULL)
    {
        if(l1->data<l2->data) /*l1的表首小于l2的表首，将p从l1中摘下并添加到新表中*/
        {
            if(head==NULL) /*若新表为空*/
                head=p;
            else
                tail->next=p;
            tail=p;
            l1=p->next; /*调整l1的新表首*/
            p=l1; /*p跟踪l1的表首*/
        } else /*l2的表首不大于l1的表首，将q从l2中摘下并添加到新表中*/
        {
            if(head==NULL) /*若新表为空*/
                head=q;
            else
                tail->next=q;
            tail=q;
            l2=q->next; /*调整l2的新表首*/
            q=l2; /*q跟踪l2的表首*/
        }
    }
    if(l1!=NULL) /*若l1还有元素*/
        tail->next=l1;
    if(l2!=NULL) /*若l2还有元素*/
        tail->next=l2;
    return head;
}

```

```

}
int main() {
    int size=sizeof(struct node),n;
    struct node *head1=NULL,*head2=NULL,*tail=NULL,*p,*head;
    scanf("%d",&n);
    while(n>=0){/*创建第一个有序链表*/
        p=(struct node*)malloc(size);
        p->data=n;
        p->next=NULL;
        if(head1==NULL)
            head1=p;
        else
            tail->next=p;
        tail=p;
        scanf("%d",&n);
    }
    tail=NULL;
    scanf("%d",&n);
    while(n>=0){/*创建第二个有序链表*/
        p=(struct node*)malloc(size);
        p->data=n;
        p->next=NULL;
        if(head2==NULL)
            head2=p;
        else
            tail->next=p;
        tail=p;
        scanf("%d",&n);
    }
    head=merge(head1, head2);/*将两个有序链表合并成一个有序链表*/
    for(p=head;p!=NULL;p=p->next){/*输出*/
        printf("%d ",p->data);
    }
    printf("\n");
    return 0;
}

#include<stdlib.h>//11-2-6
#include<stdio.h>
struct node{
    int data;
    struct node* next;
};

int main() {
    int size=sizeof(struct node),n;
    struct node *head=NULL,*tail=NULL,*NEW=NULL,*p,*q;

```

```

scanf("%d",&n);
while(n>=0) {
    p=(struct node*)malloc(size);
    p->data=n;
    p->next=NULL;
    if(head==NULL)
        head=p;
    else
        tail->next=p;
    tail=p;
    scanf("%d",&n);
}
p=head;q=NULL,tail=NULL;
while(p!=NULL) { /*扫描链表*/
    if(p->data%2==0) { /*当前节点数据为偶数*/
        if(q==NULL) { /*若欲删除的节点为链表首*/
            head=p->next; /*将p从链表中摘取*/
            if(NEW==NULL) /*加入新表中的元素是第一个*/
                NEW=p;
            else
                tail->next=p;
            tail=p;
            p=head; /*p指向下一个节点*/
        } else {
            q->next=p->next; /*将p从链表中摘取*/
            if(NEW==NULL)
                NEW=p;
            else
                tail->next=p;
            tail=p;
            p=q->next; /*p指向下一个节点*/
        }
    } else {
        q=p; /*q指向当前节点的前一个节点*/
        p=q->next; /*调整当前节点指针*/
    }
}
tail->next=NULL;
for(p=NEW;p!=NULL;p=p->next)
    printf("%d ",p->data);
printf("\n");
return 0;
}

```

实验 12

```
#include<stdio.h>//12-1
#include<stdlib.h>
int main() {
    char ch;
    FILE* fp;
    if((fp=fopen("a.txt", "w"))==NULL) {
        printf("Can't open file!");
        exit(0);
    }
    while((ch=getchar())!=' \n' )
        fputc(ch, fp);
    fclose(fp);
    return 0;
}

#include<stdio.h>//12-2
#include<stdlib.h>
int main() {
    char ch;
    int alphbet=0, digit=0, other=0;
    FILE* fp;
    if((fp=fopen("a.txt", "r"))==NULL) {
        printf("Can't open file!");
        exit(0);
    }
    for(ch=getchar(); !feof(fp); ch=getchar())
        if(ch>=' A' &&ch<=' Z' || ch>=' a' &&ch<=' z' )
            alphbet++;
        else if(ch>=' ' &&ch<=' ' )
            digit++;
        else
            other++;
    printf("letters: %d, digits: %d, others: %d\n", alphbet, digit, other);
    fclose(fp);
    return 0;
}

#include<stdio.h>//12-3
#include<stdlib.h>
int main() {
    double x;
    FILE *fp;
    if((fp=fopen("b.txt", "w"))==NULL) {
        printf("Can't open file!");
```

```

    exit(0);
}
scanf("%lf",&x);
while(x!=-1.0){
    fprintf(fp,"%f",x);
    scanf("%lf",&x);
}
fclose(fp);
return 0;
}
#include<stdio.h> //12-4解
#include<stdlib.h>
typedef struct{
    char number[8];
    char name[10];
    int math;
    int chinese;
    int english;
    int total;
    float ave;
}student;
int main(void){
    student stu;
    int i;
    FILE *fp;
    if((fp=fopen("f3.txt","w"))==NULL){/*打开文件写*/
        printf("Canot open this file\n");
        exit(0);
    }
    for(i=0;i<10;i++){/*输入个学生的数据*/
        printf("请输入学号: ");
        scanf("%s",stu.number);
        printf("请输入姓名: ");
        scanf("%s",stu.name);
        printf("请输入数学成绩: ");
        scanf("%d",&stu.math);
        printf("请输入语文成绩: ");
        scanf("%d",&stu.chianess);
        printf("请输入英语成绩: ");
        scanf("%d",&stu.english);
        fprintf(fp,"%s %s %d %d %d\n",stu.number,stu.name,stu.math,stu.chianess,stu.english);
    }
    fclose(fp);
    if((fp=fopen("f3.txt","r"))==NULL){/*打开文件读*/

```



```

    printf("Canot open this file\n");
    exit(0);
}
for(i=0;i<10;i++) { /*读个学生的数据并计算总分和平均分*/
    fscanf(fp, "%s %s %d %d %d\n", stu.number, stu.name, &stu.math, &stu.chianess, &stu.english);
    stu.total=stu.math+stu.chianess+stu.english;
    stu.ave=(float)stu.total/3;
    printf("%s %s %4d %4d %4d %4d
%5.1f\n", stu.number, stu.name, stu.math, stu.chianess, stu.english, stu.total, stu.ave);
}
fclose(fp);
return EXIT_SUCCESS;
}
int main(void) { //12-4解
    student stu;
    int i, size=;
    FILE *fp;
    if((fp=fopen("f3.dat", "wb"))==NULL) { /*打开文件写*/
        printf("Canot open this file\n");
        exit(0);
    }
    for(i=0;i<10;i++) { /*输入个学生的数据*/
        printf("请输入学号: ");
        scanf("%s", stu.number);
        printf("请输入姓名: ");
        scanf("%s", stu.name);
        printf("请输入数学成绩: ");
        scanf("%d", &stu.math);
        printf("请输入语文成绩: ");
        scanf("%d", &stu.chianess);
        printf("请输入英语成绩: ");
        scanf("%d", &stu.english);
        stu.total=stu.math+stu.chianess+stu.english;
        stu.ave=(float)stu.total/3;
        fwrite(&stu, sizeof(student), 1, fp);
    }
    fclose(fp);
    if((fp=fopen("f3.dat", "rb"))==NULL) { /*打开文件读*/
        printf("Canot open this file\n");
        exit(0);
    }
    for(i=0;i<10;i++) { /*读个学生的数据并计算总分和平均分*/
        fread(&stu, sizeof(student), 1, fp);
        printf("%s %s %4d %4d %4d %4d

```

```

%5.1f\n", stu.number, stu.name, stu.math, stu.chianess, stu.english, stu.total, stu.ave);
}
fclose(fp);
return EXIT_SUCCESS;
}

#include<stdlib.h>//12-5
#include<stdio.h>
int main(void) {
    FILE *fp1, *fp2;
    char ch1, ch2;
    int row=0, col=0;
    if((fp1=fopen("file1.txt", "r"))==NULL) { /*打开文件读*/
        printf("Canot open this file\n");
        exit(0);
    }
    if((fp2=fopen("file2.txt", "r"))==NULL) { /*打开文件读*/
        printf("Canot open this file\n");
        exit(0);
    }
    ch1=fgetc(fp1);
    ch2=fgetc(fp2);
    while(!feof(fp1)&&!feof(fp2)&&(ch1==ch2)) { /*文件未结束且两个文件的内容相同*/
        if(ch1=='\n') { /*一行结束*/
            row++;
            col=0;
        } else
            col++;
        ch1=fgetc(fp1);
        ch2=fgetc(fp2);
    }
    if(!feof(fp1) || !feof(fp2))
        printf("%d %d\n", row+1, col+1);
    else
        printf("The files are same.\n");
    return (EXIT_SUCCESS);
}

#include<stdlib.h>//12-6
#include<stdio.h>
int main(void) {
    FILE *fp;
    char ch, file_name[80];
    int rows=0;
    scanf("%s", file_name); /*输入文件名*/
    if((fp=fopen(file_name, "r"))==NULL) { /*打开文件读*/

```

```

printf("Canot open this file\n");
exit(0);
}
while((ch=fgetc(fp))!=EOF) { /*只要文件未结束*/
    if(ch==' \n' ) /*一行结束*/
        rows++;
    if(ch>=' A' &&ch<=' Z' ) /*遇到大写字母*/
        ch=' a' +ch-' A' ;
    putchar(ch);
}
printf("This file have %d rows.\n", rows+1); /*输出行数*/
return (EXIT_SUCCESS);
}
#include<stdlib.h> //12-7
#include<stdio.h>
int main() {
    FILE *fp; /*必须是文件类型指针*/
    int n, sum=0; /*和数需初始化为*/
    if((fp=fopen("int_data.dat", "r+"))==NULL) { /*文件打开方式必须是读写*/
        printf("Can' t open file!\n");
        exit(0);
    }
    while(fscanf(fp, "%d", &n) != EOF) /*循环条件应该是文件未读完*/
        sum=sum+n;
    fprintf(fp, "%d", sum);
    fclose(fp);
    return 0;
}

```